### SAFETY DATA SHEET

### TONER Lemon Yellow

Y71

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product identifier : TONER

Lemon Yellow

Product code : Y71
Product type : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Material uses : Paint or paint related material.

: Industrial use only.

Supplier's details : VALSPAR AUTOMOTIVE AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED

4 Hawke Street,

Kincumber NSW 2251,

Australia

T: +612 4368 4054 E: autoinfo@valspar.com www.valsparautomotive.com.au

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : +(61)290372994 (Available 24 hours/ 7 days)

### Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause cancer.

#### **Precautionary statements**

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Use personal protective equipment as

required. Wear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent

static discharges. Avoid breathing vapor.

**Response** : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a

POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get

medical advice or attention.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

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### Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Disposal** 

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

### Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

### **CAS** number/other identifiers

Not available.

| Ingredient name                 | % (w/w)  | CAS number |
|---------------------------------|----------|------------|
| n-Butyl Acetate                 | 30 - 60% | 123-86-4   |
| Xylene, mixed isomers           | <10%     | 1330-20-7  |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | <10%     | 108-65-6   |
| trimethylbenzene                | <10%     | 25551-13-7 |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime           | <1%      | 96-29-7    |
| Maleic Anhydride                | <1%      | 108-31-6   |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact** 

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get

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### Section 4. First aid measures

medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

# Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

# Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: •3YE Hazchem code

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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### Section 7. Handling and storage

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. Avoid release to the environment.

### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name                 | Exposure limits   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| n-Butyl Acetate                 | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.                           |
| Xylene, mixed isomers           | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).  STEL: 655 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 350 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 80 ppm 8 hours.                        |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 274 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 548 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| trimethylbenzene                | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.  |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime           | DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 8/2020). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitizer.  |
| Maleic Anhydride                | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 0.25 ppm 8 hours.   |

# Biological limit values Appropriate engineering controls

- : There is no biological limit allocated.
- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure controls**

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid.

Color : Not available. Odor : Not available. **Odor threshold** : Not available. pН : Not applicable. **Melting point** : Not available. **Boiling point, initial boiling** 

point, and boiling range

: 123°C (253.4°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 7°C (44.6°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

**Evaporation rate** : 1 (butyl acetate = 1)

**Flammability** : Not available. Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 0.7% limit/flammability limit Upper: 13.1%

: 1.3 kPa (10 mm Hg) Vapor pressure

Relative vapor density : 3.66 [Air = 1]

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Relative density : 1.06

Solubility : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

**Heat of combustion** : 13.437 kJ/g

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** 

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

**Incompatible materials** 

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name         | Result               | Species | Dose         | Exposure |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| n-Butyl Acetate                 | LD50 Dermal          | Rabbit  | >17600 mg/kg | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral            | Rat     | 10768 mg/kg  | -        |
| Xylene, mixed isomers           | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat     | 6700 ppm     | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LD50 Oral            | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg   | -        |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | LD50 Dermal          | Rabbit  | >5 g/kg      | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral            | Rat     | 8532 mg/kg   | -        |
| trimethylbenzene                | LD50 Oral            | Rat     | 8970 mg/kg   | -        |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime           | LD50 Oral            | Rat     | 930 mg/kg    | -        |
| Maleic Anhydride                | LD50 Dermal          | Rabbit  | 2620 mg/kg   | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral            | Rat     | 400 mg/kg    | -        |

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure      | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|---------------|-------------|
| n-Butyl Acetate         | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 mg        | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500  | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | mg            |             |
| Xylene, mixed isomers   | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 mg         | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5    | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | mg            |             |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 uL | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500  | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | mg            |             |

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

|                       | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 %        | - |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------|---|--------------|---|
| trimethylbenzene      | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
|                       |                          |        |   | mg           |   |
|                       | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
|                       |                          |        |   | mg           |   |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit | - | 100 uL       | - |
| Maleic Anhydride      | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit | - | 1 %          | - |

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                            | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| n-Butyl Acetate                 | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| Xylene, mixed isomers           | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime           | Category 1 | -                 | upper respiratory<br>tract   |
|                                 | Category 3 |                   | Narcotic effects             |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                  | 3 3 3      | Route of exposure | Target organs                   |
|-----------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Category 2 | -                 | blood system respiratory system |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | Category 2 | -                 |                                 |
| Maleic Anhydride      | Category 1 | inhalation        |                                 |

### **Aspiration hazard**

| Name                  | Result                         |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

**Potential delayed effects** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity**: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Route               | ATE value      |
|---------------------|----------------|
| Oral                | 35473.07 mg/kg |
| Dermal              | 32016.3 mg/kg  |
| Inhalation (gases)  | 195008.36 ppm  |
| Inhalation (vapors) | 780.41 mg/l    |

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                             | Species                          | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| n-Butyl Acetate         | Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water    | Crustaceans - Artemia salina     | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 18000 μg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Pimephales promelas       | 96 hours |
| Xylene, mixed isomers   | Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water  | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Pimephales promelas       | 96 hours |
| trimethylbenzene        | Acute LC50 5600 μg/l Marine water  | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime   | Acute LC50 843000 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas       | 96 hours |

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### **Section 12. Ecological information**

| Maleic Anhydride | Acute LC50 230 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult | 96 hours |
|------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
|                  |                                |                                 |          |

#### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| n-Butyl Acetate         | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Xylene, mixed isomers   | -                 | -          | Readily          |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF         | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| Xylene, mixed isomers   | -      | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime   | -      | 2.5 to 5.8  | low       |

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

|                            | ADG             | ADR/RID         | IMDG            | IATA            |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number                  | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          |
| UN proper shipping name    | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3               | 3               | 3               | 3               |
| Packing group              | II              | II              | II              | II              |
| Environmental hazards      | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |
|                            |                 |                 |                 |                 |

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### **Section 14. Transport information**

| Additional  | Hazchem code •3YE | Special provisions | Emergency          | Not applicable. |
|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| information |                   | 640 (C)            | schedules F-E, S-E |                 |
|             |                   | Tunnel code D/E    |                    |                 |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not regulated.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

<u>Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Act 1994</u>

Not available.

**International regulations** 

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

### Section 16. Any other relevant information

**History** 

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Date of issue/Date of : 20, January, 2022

revision

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**Key to abbreviations** : ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

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### Section 16. Any other relevant information

N/A = Not available SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification   | Justification  |
|--|--|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 | On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method |

References : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

**End of SDS** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20, January, 2022 Date of previous issue : 17, September, 2021 Version : 7 12/12
SHW-A4-AP-WHS-AU