SAFETY DATA SHEET



SP2760 HS Hardener Fast

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : SP2760 HS Hardener Fast

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Use in coatings - Hardener.

Uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details

Manufacturer : Valspar b.v.

Zuiveringweg 89 8243 PE Lelystad The Netherlands

tel: +31 (0)320 292200 fax: +31 (0)320 292201

Emergency telephone

number

: Call: +31 (0)320 292200 (during daytime)

Supplier : Valspar Automotive Australia Pty Limited

4 Hawke Street

Kincumber NSW 2251

AUSTRALIA T: +612 4368 4054 E: autoinfo@valspar.com www.spralac.com

Emergency telephone

number

CHEMTREC +(61) 290372994 (Available 24hrs/7 days a week)

Poisons Information Centre: Australia 131 126

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapour.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

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Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture
Other means of
identification

: Mixture: Not available.

| Ingredient name | % (w/w) | CAS number |
|----------------------------|-----------|------------|
| n-butyl acetate | ≥30 - ≤60 | 123-86-4 |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate | ≥30 - <55 | 28182-81-2 |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2 | ≥10 - ≤30 | 53880-05-0 |
| isobutyl acetate | ≤3 | 110-19-0 |
| xylene | ≤3 | 1330-20-7 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with

the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Section 5. Firefighting measures

Hazchem code

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|----------------------------|---|
| n-butyl acetate | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). Skin sensitiser. STEL: 0.07 mg/m³, (as -NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as -NCO) 8 hours. |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2 | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). Skin sensitiser. STEL: 0.07 mg/m³, (as -NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as -NCO) 8 hours. |
| isobutyl acetate | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). TWA: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. |
| xylene | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). STEL: 655 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 350 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 80 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. |

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Recommended: If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended EN 374 butyl rubber polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) Viton® >= 0.7 mm
 - 4 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended EN 374 neoprene >= 0.7 mm < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Conditionally suitable materials for protective gloves; EN 374: Nitrile rubber - NBR (>= 0.35 mm). Only suitable as splash protection. Only suitable for brief exposure. In the event of contamination, change protective gloves immediately.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Recommended: Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: full-face mask supplied-air respirator

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Colour : Clear.

: Not available. Odour : Not available. **Odour threshold** pН : Not applicable. **Melting point/freezing point** : Not available. : >100°C (>212°F)

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

Evaporation rate Not available. : Not available. **Flammability** Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

limit/flammability limit

Vapour pressure

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| | Vapou | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | Vapoi | ır pressu | re at 50°C |
|--|-------|-------------------------|--------|----------|-----------|------------|
| Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| benzene | 75.01 | 10 | | | | |
| toluene | 23.17 | 3.1 | | | | |
| isobutyl acetate | 15.75 | 2.1 | | | | |
| n-butyl acetate | 11.25 | 1.5 | | | | |
| ethylbenzene | 9.3 | 1.2 | | | | |
| xylene | 6.7 | 0.89 | | | | |
| hexamethylene-di- isocyanate | 0.01 | 0.0013 | | | | |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| 3-isocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate | 0 | 0 | | | | |

Relative vapour density

: Not available. : 0.99

Relative density

: 0.99 g/cm³

Density Solubility

: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available. Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

: 350°C (662°F) **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity

Flow time (ISO 2431)

: Not available. : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size

: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|--------------|----------|
| n-butyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | >21.1 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >14112 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10760 mg/kg | - |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 2.18 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit - Male, | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | | Female | | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat - Male, | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | | Female | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2 | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >14000 mg/kg | - |
| isobutyl acetate | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >17400 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 13400 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 6350 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 12126 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3523 to 4000 | - |
| | | | mg/kg | |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|----------------------------|-------------|
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 4 hours | - |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | - | - |
| isobutyl acetate | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |
| xylene | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 microliters | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 Percent | - |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 milligrams | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 milligrams | - |

Sensitisation

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|--------------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate | skin | Mouse | Sensitising |
| | skin | Guinea pig | Sensitising |

Mutagenicity

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Experiment | Result |
|--------------------------|--|---|----------------------|
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate | OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test OECD 476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test | Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: +/- Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Metabolic activation: +/- | Negative Negative |

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|----------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| n-butyl acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2 | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| isobutyl acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | 3.3 | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| xylene | Category 2 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate

effects

Not available

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate | Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat - Male, Female | 3.3 mg/m³ | 90 days; 6 hours per day |

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|------|--|
| SP2760 HS Hardener Fast | N/A | 55000 | 317500 | 32.4 | N/A |
| n-butyl acetate | 10760 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate | N/A | N/A | N/A | 11 | N/A |
| isobutyl acetate | 13400 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| xylene | N/A | 1100 | 6350 | N/A | N/A |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|
| n-butyl acetate | Acute EC50 397 mg/l | Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 44 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 32 mg/l | Crustaceans - Artemia salina | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 18 mg/l | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute NOEC 200 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate | Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l | Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l | Fish - Danio rerio | 96 hours |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2 | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| xylene | Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1 to 10 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability

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Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | Inoculum |
|---|--|-----------------------|-------------|------|---------------------------------------|
| n-butyl acetate | OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test | >80 % - 5 days | | - | - |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate | EU 67/548/EEC ANNEX V, C.4.E. | 1 % - Not readily - 2 | 28 days | - | - |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2 | OECD 302C Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II) OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test | 5 % - 28 days | | - | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | s | Biodegradability |
| n-butyl acetate Aliphatic polyisocyanate Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2 | - Fresh water 7.7 d | ays, 23°C | - - - | | Readily Not readily Not readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| n-butyl acetate | 2.3 | - | low |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate | 5.54 | 367.7 | low |
| isobutyl acetate | 2.3 | - | low |
| xylene | 3.12 | 8.1 to 25.9 | low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

| | ADG | ADR/RID | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL | Paint related material |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |

Additional information

ADG : Hazchem code •3Y

Special provisions 163, 223

ADR/RID : Hazard identification number 30

Limited quantity 5 L

Special provisions 163, 640E, 650

Tunnel code (D/E)

IMDG : Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

Special provisions 163, 223, 955

IATA : Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions:

355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344.

Special provisions A3, A72

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not regulated.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : All components are listed or exempted.

United States : Not determined.

Viet Nam : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

History

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Key to abbreviations : ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group

SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|---|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 | On basis of test data |
| SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract | Calculation method |
| irritation) - Category 3 | |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - | Calculation method |
| Category 3 | |

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Any other relevant information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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