SAFETY DATA SHEET

valspar

RE01 Radical Effects - Fusion

Section 1. Identification		
Product identifier	: RE01 Radical Effects - Fusion	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses		
Use in coatings - Auxiliary r	naterials	
Uses advised against		
Not applicable.		
Supplier's details		
Manufacturer	: Valspar b.v. Zuiveringweg 89 8243 PE Lelystad The Netherlands tel: +31 (0)320 292200 fax: +31 (0)320 292201	
Emergency telephone number	: Call: +31 (0)320 292200 (during daytime)	
Supplier	: Valspar Automotive Australia Pty Limited 4 Hawke Street Kincumber NSW 2251 AUSTRALIA T: +612 4368 4054 F: +612 4368 4215 E: autoinfo@valspar.com www.valsparrefinish.com.au	
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +(61) 290372994 (Available 24hrs/7 days a week) Poisons Information Centre: Australia 131 126	

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

GHS label elements

Signal word	: Warning			
Hazard statements		skin irritation. serious eye irritation.		
Precautionary statement	<u>s</u>			
Prevention	: Wear pro handling.	otective gloves. Wear eye o	r face protection. W	ash thoroughly after
Response	plenty of Remove	contaminated clothing and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse of contact lenses, if present a Get medical advice or atter	cautiously with wate nd easy to do. Cont	
Storage	: Store in a	a well-ventilated place. Kee	p cool.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/14/2022	Date of previous issue	: 1/6/2022	Version : 1 1/12

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not	: None known.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
2-butoxyethanol	≥30 - ≤51	111-76-2
2-dimethylaminoethanol	<3	108-01-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact :	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation :	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact :	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion :	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/effe	cts, acute and delayed

Causes serious eye irritation.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam. media **Unsuitable extinguishing** : Do not use water jet. media Specific hazards arising : Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or from the chemical if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Hazardous thermal : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide decomposition products carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides **Special protective actions** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if for fire-fighters there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. **Special protective** Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained 2 equipment for fire-fighters breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for con	Itai	nment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
2-butoxyethanol 2-dimethylaminoethanol		Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018) Absorbed through skin. STEL: 242 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 96.9 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018) STEL: 22 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 7.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.	
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation contamina also need	ith adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne nts below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering con to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions they comp cases, fur	from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to en y with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In so e scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
ndividual protection meas	sures		
Hygiene measures	eating, sm Appropria Contamin contamina	ds, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, booking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. The techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated cloth ted work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ted clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety re close to the workstation location.	hing.
Eye/face protection	assessme gases or o unless the	wear complying with an approved standard should be used when a ri- nt indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mi- usts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash Recommended: chemical splash goggles.	sts,
Skin protection			
Hand protection	be worn a this is nec check dur should be different fo several su estimated 0.4 mm < 1 hour (EN 374: N	resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard shi all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufactures ong use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be r different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of ostances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended EN 374 butyl rubber rreakthrough time): Conditionally suitable materials for protective glov trile rubber - NBR (>= 0.35 mm). Only suitable as splash protection. If brief exposure. In the event of contamination, change protective glov y.	of /es; Only
Body protection	: Personal being perf before ha	rotective equipment for the body should be selected based on the tas ormed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist dling this product. Recommended: Cotton or cotton/synthetic overall re normally suitable.	
Other skin protection	: Appropria selected b	e footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be ased on the task being performed and the risks involved and should b by a specialist before handling this product.	be
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Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: EN 14387 organic vapour filter (Type A)

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	1	Liquid.	
Colour	1	Not available.	
Odour	:	Not available.	
Odour threshold	1	Not available.	
рН	:	Not applicable.	
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.	
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	>100°C (>212°F)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 63°C (14	5.4°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Flammability	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Not available.	
Vapour pressure	:		Vapo

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C Vapour pressure a			ure at 50°0			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
toluene	23.17	3.1					
2-methylpropan-1-ol	<12	<1.6					
ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2					
xylene	6.7	0.89					
2-dimethylaminoethanol	4.59	0.61					
2-butoxyethanol	0.75	0.1					
polyphosphoric acids, esters with 2-oxepanone, polyethylene glycol monomethyl ether, tetrahydro-2H-pyran- 2-one reaction product, compds. with 2- (dibutylamino)ethanol	<0.75006	<0.1					
propane-1,2-diol	0.15	0.02					

		· · ·						
Relative vapour density	1	Not available.						
Relative density	:	1.187						
Density	:	1.187 g/cm³						
Solubility	:	Easily soluble in the	following i	materials:	cold water a	nd hot wa	iter.	
Solubility in water	:	Not available.						
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.						
Auto-ignition temperature	:							

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

		Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
		polyphosphoric acids, esters with 2-oxepanone, polyethylene glycol monomethyl ether, tetrahydro-2H- pyran-2-one reaction product, compds. with 2-(dibutylamino)ethanol	>200	>392	
		2-butoxyethanol	230	446	
		2-dimethylaminoethanol	230	446	
		propane-1,2-diol	371	699.8	
		2-methylpropan-1-ol	415	779	
		xylene	432	809.6	
		ethylbenzene	432.22	810	
		toluene	480	896	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
Viscosity	:	Not available.			
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.			
Particle characteristics					
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.			

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity		
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rat
	LD50 Oral	Rat
2-dimethylaminoethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit
	LD50 Oral	Rat

Irritation/Corrosion

Dose

>2000 mg/kg

1300 mg/kg 1641 ppm

1220 mg/kg

2 g/kg

Exposure

4 hours

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Section 11. Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
2-dimethylaminoethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	5 microliters 445 milligrams	-

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Short term exposure

Section 11. Toxicological information

			5
	Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
	Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
1	<u>Long term exposure</u>		
	Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
	Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
1	Potential chronic health effe	ct	<u>S</u>
	Not available.		
	General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
	Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

•	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	(vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
RE01 Radical Effects - Fusion	3673.6	N/A	N/A	30.4	N/A
2-butoxyethanol	1300		N/A	11	N/A
2-dimethylaminoethanol	2000		N/A	11	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	utoxyethanol Acute EC50 911 mg/l		72 hours
	Acute EC50 1550 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1474 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC >100 mg/l	Fish - Brachydanio rerio	21 days
2-dimethylaminoethanol	Acute EC50 35 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
-	Acute EC50 98 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 81 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
2-butoxyethanol 2-dimethylaminoethanol	-		eadily - 28 days adily - 28 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic hal	f-life	Photoly	sis	Biodegradability
2-butoxyethanol 2-dimethylaminoethanol	-				Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
2-dimethylaminoethanol	-0.55		low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

- **Disposal methods**
- : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information				
	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not regulated.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

Ingredient name	Schedule
tin dioxide	Prohibited

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: At least one component is not listed.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods	<u>History</u>	
revision 1/6/2022 Version : 1 Key to abbreviations : ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods	Date of printing	: 1/14/2022
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Log-ow - logantini of the octanol/water partition coefficient	Key to abbreviations	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

Section 16. Any other relevant information

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

: 1/14/2022