## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### 8-460 HS420 Hardener Slow

Section 1. Identi	fication
Product identifier	: 8-460 HS420 Hardener Slow
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	
Use in coatings - Hardener	
Uses advised against	
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	
	Valspar b.v. Zuiveringweg 89 8243 PE Lelystad The Netherlands tel: +31 (0)320 292200 fax: +31 (0)320 292201
Emergency telephone number	: Call: +31 (0)320 292200 (during daytime)
Supplier	: Valspar Automotive Australia Pty Limited 4 Hawke Street Kincumber NSW 2251 AUSTRALIA T: +612 4368 4054 E: autoinfo@valspar.com www.de-beer.com
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +(61) 290372994 (Available 24hrs/7 days a week) Poisons Information Centre: Australia 131 126
Section 2. Hazar	d(s) identification
Classification of the substance or mixture	: Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

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## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not	1	None known.
result in classification		

## Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	≥60 - ≤75	28182-81-2
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤30	123-86-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	≤5	64742-95-6
trimethylbenzene	≤3	25551-13-7
cumene	≤0.3	98-82-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary	<u>first aid measu</u>	ires			
Eye contact	eyelids.	tely flush eyes with plenty c Check for and remove any Get medical attention.			
Inhalation	If it is su mask or or if resp personn resuscita If uncon Maintain waistbar	victim to fresh air and keep spected that fumes are still self-contained breathing ap piratory arrest occurs, provid el. It may be dangerous to ation. Get medical attention scious, place in recovery po an open airway. Loosen ti and. In case of inhalation of ed. The exposed person mours.	present, the rescuer paratus. If not breat le artificial respiration the person providing . If necessary, call a sition and get medica ght clothing such as a decomposition produc	should wear an appr hing, if breathing is ir a or oxygen by trained aid to give mouth-to- poison center or phy al attention immediat a collar, tie, belt or cts in a fire, symptom	regular d mouth ysician. ely.
Skin contact	Wash co gloves. event of	ith plenty of soap and water ontaminated clothing thorou Continue to rinse for at leas any complaints or symptom euse. Clean shoes thoroug	ghly with water before t 10 minutes.  Get m is, avoid further expo	e removing it, or wea edical attention. In t	ır he
Ingestion	swallowe drink. S induce v the head attention mouth to	ut mouth with water. Removed and the exposed person top if the exposed person fe omiting unless directed to d should be kept low so that b. If necessary, call a poison o an unconscious person. If attention immediately. Main	is conscious, give sm eels sick as vomiting lo so by medical pers vomit does not enter n center or physician. unconscious, place	nall quantities of wate may be dangerous. onnel. If vomiting oc the lungs. Get med Never give anything in recovery position a	Do not ccurs, ical g by and get
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## Section 4. First aid measures

as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	ffea	cts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	:ts	
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/symp	ton	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	lica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	1	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
 •3Y

Hazchem code

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for cont	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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## Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). Skin sensitiser. STEL: 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as -NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as -NCO) 8 hours.			
n-butyl acetate	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.			
trimethylbenzene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). TWA: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.			
cumene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.			

Appropriate engineering : controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure : controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Recommended: If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	

## Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Hand protection	<ul> <li>Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. &gt; 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended EN 374 butyl rubber polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) Viton® &gt;= 0.7 mm</li> <li>4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended EN 374 neoprene &gt;= 0.7 mm</li> <li>1 hour (breakthrough time): Conditionally suitable materials for protective gloves; EN 374: Nitrile rubber - NBR (&gt;= 0.35 mm). Only suitable as splash protection. Only suitable for brief exposure. In the event of contamination, change protective gloves immediately.</li> </ul>
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Recommended: Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: full-face mask supplied-air respirator

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Not available.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: >100°C (>212°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 31.5°C (88.7°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.
Vapour pressure	: Vapo
	Ingredient name mm Hg

Vapour pressure :		Vapou	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
	benzene	75.01	10					
	toluene	23.17	3.1					
	n-butyl acetate	11.25	1.5					
	ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2					
	xylene	6.7	0.89					
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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

		cumene	3.72	0.5					
		mesitylene	2.4	0.32					
		1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	2.25	0.3					
		trimethylbenzene	1.35 to 1.88	0.18 to 0.25					
		1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	1.35	0.18					
		naphthalene	0.05	0.0067					
		hexamethylene-di- isocyanate	0.01	0.0013					
		Aliphatic polyisocyanate	0	0					
Relative vapour density	:	Not available.	1	L				I	1
Relative density	:	1.075							
Density	:	1.075 g/cm³							
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the follow	wing mate	rials: cold	wate	r and ho	t wate	er.	
Solubility in water	:	Not available.							
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.							
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name		°C		°F		Method	
		Solvent naphtha (petrole arom.	um), light	280 to 47	0	536 to 87	8		
		n-butyl acetate		415		779			
		cumene		424		795.2			
		xylene		432		809.6			
		ethylbenzene		432.22		810			
		hexamethylene-di-isocya	nate	454		849.2			
		trimethylbenzene		470 to 55	0	878 to 10	22		
		1,2,3-trimethylbenzene		470		878			
		toluene		480		896			
		benzene		498		928.4			
		1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		500		932			
		naphthalene		526 to 58	7	978.8 to 1	1088.6		
		mesitylene		559		1038.2			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.							
Viscosity	:	Not available.							
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.							
Particle characteristics									

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	2.18 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	6193 mg/m³	4 hours
0	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3160 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3592 mg/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
cumene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	86 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	skin	Mouse	Sensitising
	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising

#### **Mutagenicity**

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test OECD 476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: +/- Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Metabolic activation: +/-	Negative Negative

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	3.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	90 days; 6 hours per day	
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.				
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.				
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
8-460 HS420 Hardener Slow	N/A	N/A	N/A	14.3	N/A
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10760	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	3592	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
trimethylbenzene	8970	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
cumene	N/A	N/A	N/A	39	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### <u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus	72 hours
		subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute EC50 397 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum	72 hours
-		capricornutum	
	Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 32 mg/l	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 200 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Acute EC50 2.9 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
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## Section 12. Ecological information

light arom.		subcapitata	
-	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC >1 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
cumene	Acute EC50 2600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7400 to 11290 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10600 to 14100 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	EU 67/548/EEC	1 % - Not readily - 2	8 days	-	-
n-butyl acetate	ANNEX V, C.4.E. OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle	>80 % - 5 days		-	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Test -	78 % - Readily - 28	days	-	Fresh water
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability
Aliphatic polyisocyanate n-butyl acetate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Fresh water 7.7 da - -	ays, 23°C - - - -			Not readily Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	5.54	367.7	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	high
light arom.			-
trimethylbenzene	3.4 to 3.8	-	low
cumene	3.55	35.48	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

: 6/4/2022

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	Paint related material
3	3	3	3
Ш	Ш	111	
No.	No.	No.	No.
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#### Additional information

ADG	1	Hazchem code •3Y Special provisions 163, 223, 367
ADR/RID	:	Hazard identification number 30 Limited quantity 5 L Special provisions 163, 640E, 650, 367 Tunnel code (D/E)
IMDG	;	Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ Special provisions 163, 223, 367, 955
ΙΑΤΑ	-	<b>Quantity limitation</b> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344. <b>Special provisions</b> A3, A72, A192
Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Not regulated.

#### Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### Inventory list

involtory not	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

## Section 16. Any other relevant information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 6/4/2022
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6/4/2022
Date of previous issue	: 4/12/2022
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

## Section 16. Any other relevant information

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3On basis of terACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4Calculation meSKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1Calculation meCARCINOGENICITY - Category 1Calculation meSPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tractCalculation me	fication
irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Calculation me	ethod ethod ethod ethod

References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

: 6/4/2022