# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### 8-455 HS Matt Clear Coat Hardener

Section 1. Identi	fication
Product identifier	: 8-455 HS Matt Clear Coat Hardener
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Supplier's details	
	Valspar b.v.
	Zuiveringweg 89 8243 PE Lelystad
	The Netherlands
	tel: +31 (0)320 292200
	fax: +31 (0)320 292201
Emergency telephone number	: Call: +31 (0)320 292200 (during daytime)
Supplier	: Valspar Automotive Australia Pty Limited
	4 Hawke Street
	Kincumber NSW 2251 AUSTRALIA
	T: +612 4368 4054
	E: autoinfo@valspar.com
	www.de-beer.com
Emergency telephone	: CHEMTREC +(61) 290372994 (Available 24hrs/7 days a week)
number	Poisons Information Centre: Australia 131 126
Classification of the	rd(s) identification : Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Apple Tay: 4, H222
substance or mixture	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315
	Skin Sens. 1, H317
	STOT SE 3, H335
	STOT SE 3, H336
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapour.
	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation.
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	Harmful if inhaled.
	May cause respiratory irritation.
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	
FIEVEILIUII	: Wear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6/4/2022 Date of previous issue : 4/12/2022 Version : 1 1

## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.
: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
: Not applicable.
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Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

## Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

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Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	≥30 - ≤60	28182-81-2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	≥10 - ≤30	64742-94-5
heptan-2-one	≥10 - ≤18	110-43-0
Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2	≤5	53880-05-0
2-butoxyethyl acetate	≤3	112-07-2
trimethylbenzene	≤1.9	25551-13-7
cumene	≤0.3	98-82-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.	
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	

### Section 4. First aid measures

Indestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison contor or physician. Week out
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, $CO_2$ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

Date of issue/Date of revision : (	6/4/2022
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# Section 5. Firefighting measures

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Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>
Hazchem code	: •3Y

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	<u>e equipment and emergency procedures</u>
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for con	<u>ita</u>	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately

## Section 7. Handling and storage

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		ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). Skin sensitiser. STEL: 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as -NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as -NCO) 8 hours.
heptan-2-one	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). TWA: 233 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). Skin sensitiser. STEL: 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as -NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as -NCO) 8 hours.
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 333 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 133 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
trimethylbenzene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). TWA: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
cumene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection meas	ures		
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	<ul> <li>Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. &gt; 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended EN 374 Viton® &gt;= 0.7 mm</li> <li>&lt; 1 hour (breakthrough time): Conditionally suitable materials for protective gloves;</li> </ul>		
	EN 374: Nitrile rubber - NBR (>= 0.35 mm). Only suitable as splash protection. Only suitable for brief exposure. In the event of contamination, change protective gloves immediately.		
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Recommended: Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable.		
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>		
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: full-face mask supplied-air respirator		

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance
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Physical state	:	Liquid.
Colour	:	Colourless.
Odour	1	Not available.
Odour threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	1	Not available.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: >100°C (>212°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
benzene	75.01	10				
toluene	23.17	3.1				
n-butyl acetate	11.25	1.5				
ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2				
heptan-2-one	6.88	0.92				
xylene	6.7	0.89				
cumene	3.72	0.5				
mesitylene	2.4	0.32				
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	2.25	0.3				
trimethylbenzene	1.35 to 1.88	0.18 to 0.25				
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	1.35	0.18				
2-butoxyethyl acetate	0.23	0.031				
naphthalene	0.05	0.0067				
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	0.02	0.0027				
hexamethylene-di- isocyanate	0.01	0.0013				
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	0	0				
Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2	0	0				
3-isocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	0	0				

		isocyanate					
Relative vapour density	:	Not available.					•
Relative density	:	1.028					
Density	:	1.028 g/cm³					
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the follow	ing mate	rials: colo	water and h	ot water.	
Solubility in water	:	Not available.					
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.					
Auto-ignition temperature	:						

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

		Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
		Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	220 to 250	428 to 482	
		Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	280 to 470	536 to 878	
		2-butoxyethyl acetate	340	644	
		heptan-2-one	393	739.4	
		n-butyl acetate	415	779	
		cumene	424	795.2	
		3-isocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	430	806	
		xylene	432	809.6	
		ethylbenzene	432.22	810	
		hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	454	849.2	
		trimethylbenzene	470 to 550	878 to 1022	
		1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	470	878	
		toluene	480	896	
		benzene	498	928.4	
		1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	500	932	
		naphthalene	526 to 587	978.8 to 1088.6	
		mesitylene	559	1038.2	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 6 mn	n²/s (6 cSt)		
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.			
Particle characteristics					
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.			

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	2.18 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4688 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	16.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>14000 mg/kg	-
2-butoxyethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1880 mg/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 microliters	-
heptan-2-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 milligrams	-
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
cumene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	86 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	skin	Mouse	Sensitising
	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising

#### **Mutagenicity**

# Section 11. Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test OECD 476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: +/- Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Metabolic activation: +/-	Negative Negative

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
heptan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting	

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
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#### Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	3.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	90 days; 6 hours per day
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.			
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.			
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
8-455 HS Matt Clear Coat Hardener	12045	71684.6	N/A	15.8	N/A
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
heptan-2-one	1600	N/A	N/A	16.8	N/A
2-butoxyethyl acetate	1880	1500	N/A	11	N/A
trimethylbenzene	8970	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
cumene	N/A	N/A	N/A	39	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus	72 hours
		subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Acute EC50 11 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
heavy arom.		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131000 to 137000 µg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Fresh water		
Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Acute EC50 1570 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 37 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 22 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
,	10	pugio	
cumene	Acute EC50 2600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 7400 to 11290 µg/l Fresh	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
	water	Nauplii	
	Acute EC50 10600 to 14100 µg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	water	Neonate	
	Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	EU 67/548/EEC ANNEX V, C.4.E.	1 % - Not readily - 2	8 days	-	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-	50 % - Readily - 28	days	-	Fresh water
heptan-2-one	-	69 % - Readily - 28	days	-	-
Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2	OECD 302C Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II) OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	5 % - 28 days 1 % - 28 days		-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysi	S	Biodegradability
Aliphatic polyisocyanate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Fresh water 7.7 da -	ays, 23°C	-		Not readily Readily
heptan-2-one	-		-		Readily
Aliphatic polyisocyanate 2	-		_		Not readily
2-butoxyethyl acetate	-		90.4%; 28	day(s)	-

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

# Section 12. Ecological information

	-		
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	5.54	367.7	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	2.8 to 6.5	99 to 5780	high
heavy arom.			
heptan-2-one	2.26	-	low
2-butoxyethyl acetate	1.51	-	low
trimethylbenzene	3.4 to 3.8	-	low
cumene	3.55	35.48	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

**Other adverse effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of
	all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	•			
	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	Paint related material
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	Ш		Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information				

ADG	: Hazchem code •3Y
	Special provisions 163, 223, 367
ADR/RID	: Hazard identification number 30
	Limited quantity 5 L
	Special provisions 163, 640E, 650, 367
	Tunnel code (D/E)

# Section 14. Transport information

•		
IMDG	1	Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ Special provisions 163, 223, 367, 955
ΙΑΤΑ	:	<b>Quantity limitation</b> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344. <b>Special provisions</b> A3, A72, A192
Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according	:	Not available.

to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not regulated.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

#### International regulations

<u>Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals</u> Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

List name	Ingredient name	Status
POPs - Annex 3	naphthalene	Listed

**Inventory list** 

Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

## Section 16. Any other relevant information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 6/4/2022
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6/4/2022
Date of previous issue	: 4/12/2022
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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