# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



8-409 HS Semi Gloss Clear Coat

Section 1. Identi	
Product identifier	: 8-409 HS Semi Gloss Clear Coat
Product type	: Liquid.
<u>Relevant identified uses o</u>	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	
Use in coatings - Clearcoat	
Uses advised against	
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	
Manufacturer	: Valspar b.v.
	Zuiveringweg 89 8243 PE Lelystad
	The Netherlands
	tel: +31 (0)320 292200
	fax: +31 (0)320 292201
Emergency telephone number	: Call: +31 (0)320 292200 (during daytime)
Supplier	: Valspar Automotive Australia Pty Limited 4 Hawke Street
	Kincumber NSW 2251
	AUSTRALIA
	T: +612 4368 4054
	E: autoinfo@valspar.com www.de-beer.com
Emergency telephone	: CHEMTREC +(61) 290372994 (Available 24hrs/7 days a week) Poisons Information Centre: Australia 131 126
number	Poisons information Centre. Australia 131 120
Section 2. Hazar	d(s) identification
Classification of the	: Flam. Liq. 3, H226
substance or mixture	Skin Sens. 1, H317
	STOT SE 3, H336
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapour.
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	-
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

 Prevention
 : Wear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapour.

 Response
 : IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

**Storage** : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

## Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
n-butyl acetate	≥30 - ≤60	123-86-4
heptan-2-one	≤10	110-43-0
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	≤3	112-34-5
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	≤3	124-17-4
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	≤3	763-69-9
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-	≤1	104810-48-2
[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-ω-hydroxy-		
Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivate II	≤1	104810-47-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	<u>st aid measures</u>
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

# Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/e	effec	ts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	1	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sym	otom	<u>s</u>
Eye contact	1	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate

mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry che	emical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray	(fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use	water jet.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In a fire or i			te fire or explosion hazard. he container may burst, with
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposi carbon diox carbon mor metal oxide	noxide	e the following mater	ials:
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	there is a fi suitable tra	olate the scene by remov re. No action shall be tak ining. Move containers fr spray to keep fire-expose	en involving any per om fire area if this ca	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters		s should wear appropriate pparatus (SCBA) with a f		
Hazchem code	: •3Y			
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# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for con	nta	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handlin	g								
Protective measures	:	history of which this Avoid bre appropria and confin an approvinot in use source. U equipment electrosta	propriate perse skin sensitizat product is use athing vapour te respirator w ned spaces un ved alternative s. Store and us Jse explosion- t. Use only no tic discharges s. Do not reus	tion problems ed. Do not g or mist. Use then ventilation less adequa made from proof electric on-sparking t . Empty con	s should not b get in eyes or de on is inadequa itely ventilated a compatible in n heat, sparks cal (ventilating tools. Take po itainers retain	be employed ir on skin or clot equate ventila late. Do not e d. Keep in the material, kept s, open flame g, lighting and recautionary n	n any pro- thing. Do tion. We nter stora original o tightly clo or any oth material measures	cess in o not inge- ar age areas container osed whe her ignitic handling against	est. s r or en on )
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	handled, s eating, dr equipmer	inking and smo stored and pro inking and smo at before enteri on on hygiene r	ocessed. Wo oking. Remo ing eating an	orkers should ove contamina	wash hands a ated clothing a	and face t and prote	before ctive	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	area. Sto ventilated drink. Sto materials. that have leakage.	ccordance with ore in original c area, away fro ore locked up. Keep contair been opened Do not store ir ironmental cor	container pro om incompat Eliminate al ner tightly clo must be care n unlabelled	tected from di tible materials Il ignition sour osed and seale efully resealed containers. U	irect sunlight i s (see Section rces. Separate ed until ready d and kept upr Jse appropriat	in a dry, c 10) and t e from ox for use. right to pr te contain	cool and v food and kidising Containe revent ment to	ers
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# Section 7. Handling and storage

before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
heptan-2-one	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). TWA: 233 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).</b> TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2019). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 127.5 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 15 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 85 mg/m³ 8 hours.
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 610 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 610 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering : controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure : controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Recommended: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield.
Skin protection	

# Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

	• •
Hand protection	<ul> <li>Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. &gt; 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended EN 374 polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) butyl rubber &gt;= 0.7 mm</li> <li>A hour (breakthrough time): Conditionally suitable materials for protective gloves; EN 374: Nitrile rubber - NBR (&gt;= 0.35 mm). Only suitable as splash protection. Only suitable for brief exposure. In the event of contamination, change protective gloves immediately.</li> </ul>
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Recommended: Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: EN 405:2001 + A1:2009 organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter FFA2P3 R D

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	:	Liquid.			
Colour	:	Colourless.			
Odour	:	Not available.			
Odour threshold	1	Not available.			
рН	: Not applicable.				
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.				
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: >100°C (>212°F)				
Flash point	: Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)				
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.			
Flammability	1	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Lower: 0.8% Upper: 7%			
Vapour pressure	:		Vapoι	ır Pressu	ure at 20°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		benzene	75.01	10	
		2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol	23.17	3.1	

toluene

n-butyl acetate

3.1

1.5

23.17

11.25

mm

Hg

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**Method** 

Vapour pressure at 50°C

kPa

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

		ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2				-
		heptan-2-one	6.88	0.92				
		xylene	6.7	0.89				
		cumene	3.72	0.5				
		2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36				
		1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	2.25	0.3				
		ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	1.73	0.23				
		octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	0.99	0.13				
		decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	0.25	0.033				
		2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.06	0.008				
		exo- 1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo [2.2.1]hept-2-yl methacrylate	0.01	0.0013				
		2-phenoxyethanol	0.01	0.0013		0.14	0.019	
		2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	0	0				
		dioctyltin dilaurate	0	0		0	0	
		Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),α-hydro-ω-hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated	0	0				
		Benzenepropanoic acid, 3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) -5-(1,1-dimethylethyl) -4-hydroxy-, methyl ester	0	0				
		dibutyltin oxide	0	0				
ity	:	Not available.						
	1	0.987						
	1	0.987 g/cm³						
	:	Insoluble in the follow	/ing mate	rials: cold	water and ho	ot water.		
	:	Not available.						
n-		Not applicable.						

- Relative vapour density Relative density Density Solubility Solubility in water Partition coefficient: noctanol/water Auto-ignition temperature
- ż °C °F **Ingredient name** Method Benzenepropanoic acid, 3-(2H->120 >248 benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl) -4-hydroxy-, methyl ester dibutyltin oxide 143 to 153 289.4 to 307.4 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol 210 410 triisotridecyl phosphite >213 >415.4 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light 280 to 470 536 to 878 arom. Decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester, reaction products with tert-Bu 280 536 hydroperoxide and octane 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate 290 554 Ethene, homopolymer 330 to 410 626 to 770 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 333 631.4 7/14 : 6/4/2022 Date of previous issue : 4/12/2022 Version :1

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

	decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	372	701.6
	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	377	710.6
	octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	384 to 387	723.2 to 728.6
	exo-1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]hept- 2-yl methacrylate	385	725
	heptan-2-one	393	739.4
	n-butyl acetate	415	779
	cumene	424	795.2
	xylene	432	809.6
	ethylbenzene	432.22	810
	toluene	480	896
	benzene	498	928.4
	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	500	932
	2-phenoxyethanol	500	932
Decomposition temperature :	Not available.		
Viscosity :	Not available.		
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.		
Particle characteristics			
Median particle size	Not applicable.		

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

	<b>j</b>
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

# Section 11. Toxicological information

				1
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	16.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	72500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6500 mg/kg	-
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male	4080 mg/kg	-
5 - 51 1	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	>4.3 g/kg	-
$Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), \ \alpha-\\ \ (3/3-(2+berczdriazd-2+))-5-(1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyshem)(1-acapropyl-o-hydroxy-$	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Hydroxyphenyl- benzotriazole derivate II	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
heptan-2-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 milligrams	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3		Narcotic effects
heptan-2-one	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure	Not available.	
Potential acute health effect		
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsine dizziness.	ess or
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Symptoms related to the phy	al. chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	No specific data.	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	No specific data.	
	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure	
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	<u>&gt;</u>	
Not available.		
General	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently ex to very low levels.	xposed
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Numerical measures of toxic		

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	•	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

				a	
8-409 HS Semi Gloss Clear Coat	19772.6	N/A	N/A	207.6	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10760	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
heptan-2-one	1600	N/A	N/A	16.8	N/A
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	4500	2700	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	6500	14500	N/A	N/A	72.5
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	N/A	4080	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>		
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species
n-butyl acetate	Acute EC50 397 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum
		capricornutum
	Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna
	Acute LC50 32 mg/l	Crustaceans - Artemia salina
	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas
	Acute NOEC 200 mg/l	Algae
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131000 to 137000 µg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas
•	Fresh water	
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Acute LC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Acute EC50 114.86 mg/l	Aquatic plants -
5 - 51 1	<b>.</b>	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
	Acute EC50 785 to 970 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna
	Acute LC50 88 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-	Acute LC50 2.8 mg/l	Fish
[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-u-hydroxy-	, touto 2000 2.0 mg/1	
Hydroxyphenyl-benzotriazole derivate II	Acute LC50 2.8 mg/l	Fish

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	e Inoculum
n-butyl acetate heptan-2-one ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test - OECD 301B Ready	>80 % - 5 days 69 % - Readily - 28 days 100 % - Readily - 18 days		
	Biodegradability - CO2 Evolution Test		Photolysis	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic nait-life	Aquatic half-life		Biodegradability
n-butyl acetate heptan-2-one ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	- - -		-	Readily Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

: 6/4/2022

Exposure 72 hours

48 hours 48 hours

96 hours

72 hours 96 hours

96 hours

72 hours

48 hours 96 hours

96 hours

96 hours

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
heptan-2-one	2.26	-	low
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	low
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	1.7	-	low
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	1.47	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	-				
	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	Paint	
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	
Packing group	III	111	Ш	111	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Additional information	tion	·	·	·	
ADG	: <u>Hazchem</u> Special p	<u>code</u> •3Y rovisions 163, 223, 36	57		
ADR/RID	ADR/RID : <u>Hazard identification number</u> 30 <u>Limited quantity</u> 5 L <u>Special provisions</u> 163, 640E, 650, 367 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)				
IMDG	: Emergene	cy schedules F-E, _S rovisions 163, 223, 36			

## Section 14. Transport information

ΙΑΤΑ	:	<b>Quantity limitation</b> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344. <b>Special provisions</b> A3, A72, A192
Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not regulated.

#### Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

Ingredient name	<u>Schedule</u>
dioctyltin dilaurate	Restricted hazardous chemical [For abrasive blasting at a concentration of greater than 0.1% as tin]

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

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Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Australia	All components are listed or exempted.	
Canada	At least one component is not listed.	
China	At least one component is not listed.	
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Japan	Japan inventory (CSCL): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.	
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Philippines	All components are listed or exempted.	
Republic of Korea	At least one component is not listed.	
Taiwan	At least one component is not listed.	
Thailand	: Not determined.	
Turkey	: Not determined.	
United States	: Not determined.	
Viet Nam	: Not determined.	

## Section 16. Any other relevant information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 6/4/2022
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6/4/2022
Date of previous issue	: 4/12/2022
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

: 6/4/2022