# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



47-39 2K Elastic

Section 1. Identi	fication
Product identifier	: 47-39 2K Elastic
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	
Use in coatings - Auxiliary i	naterials
Uses advised against	
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	
Manufacturer	: Valspar b.v. Zuiveringweg 89 8243 PE Lelystad The Netherlands tel: +31 (0)320 292200 fax: +31 (0)320 292201
Emergency telephone number	: Call: +31 (0)320 292200 (during daytime)
Supplier	<ul> <li>Valspar Automotive Australia Pty Limited 4 Hawke Street Kincumber NSW 2251 AUSTRALIA T: +612 4368 4054 E: autoinfo@valspar.com www.de-beer.com</li> </ul>
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +(61) 290372994 (Available 24hrs/7 days a week) Poisons Information Centre: Australia 131 126
Section 2. Hazar	d(s) identification
Classification of the substance or mixture	: Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapour. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statement	<u>S</u>
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	: IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Diamagal	Dispass of contents and container in coordenes with all least regional national

### Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Supplemental label elements

: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

### Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
n-butyl acetate	≥30 - ≤60	123-86-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	<u>t aid measures</u>
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

wost important symptoms/em	ects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	o <u>ms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med Notes to physician	<ul> <li>dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary</li> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

•	-
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>
Hazchem code	: •3Y

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ctive equipr	nent and emergency proce	<u>dures</u>				
For non-emergency personnel	Evacua entering No flare Provide	on shall be taken involving an te surrounding areas. Keep g. Do not touch or walk throu s, smoking or flames in haza adequate ventilation. Wear late. Put on appropriate pers	unnecessary and ur gh spilt material. S ard area. Avoid brea appropriate respirat	nprotected perso hut off all ignitior athing vapour or tor when ventilat	nnel fro n source mist.	rom	
For emergency responders	informa	alised clothing is required to o tion in Section 8 on suitable a tion in "For non-emergency p	and unsuitable mate				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6/4/2022	Date of previous issue	: 4/12/2022	Version	:1	3/11	

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for cont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters Occupational exposure limits

## Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits					
n-butyl acetate	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/ STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.	2018).				
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaus ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airbor contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineerin also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower exp limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	ne Ig controls				
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.					
Individual protection meas						
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical produce ating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working perior Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash station safety showers are close to the workstation location.	d. d clothing.				
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used whe assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashe gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be w unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasside-shields. Recommended: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield	es, mists, orn, sses with				
Skin protection						
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standars be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove man check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consist several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended EN 374 polyvin (PVA) butyl rubber >= 0.7 mm < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Conditionally suitable materials for protective EN 374: Nitrile rubber - NBR (>= 0.35 mm). Only suitable as splash protective suitable for brief exposure. In the event of contamination, change protective immediately.	t indicates ufacturer, es. It ting of yl alcohol e gloves; tion. Only				
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a spect before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static elewear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Recommended: Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normal.	ialist ectricity,				
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should l selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and sh approved by a specialist before handling this product.					
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that mappropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other is aspects of use. Recommended: EN 405:2001 + A1:2009 organic vapour (and particulate filter FFA2P3 R D	to a important				

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance									
Physical state	:	Liquid.							
Colour		Colourless.							
Odour	:	Not available.							
Odour threshold	:	Not available.							
рН	:	Not applicable.							
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.							
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	>100°C (>212°F)							
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 27°C (80	0.6°F)						
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.							
Flammability	1	Not available.							
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Lower: 1.9% Upper: 6.1%							
Vapour pressure	;		Vapou	r Press	ure at :	20°C	Vapour pressure at 50°C		
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Meth	od	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		n-butyl acetate	11.25	1.5					
		propylidynetrimethanol	0	0					
Relative vapour density	:	4 [Air = 1]	•	I.	- <b>!</b>		•		
Relative density	:	1.009							
Density	:	1.009 g/cm³							
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the follow	wing mate	rials: col	d wate	r and ho	ot wate	er.	
Solubility in water	:	Not available.	-						
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.							
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name		°C		°F		Method	
		n-butyl acetate		415		779			
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.							
	:	Not available. Not available.							
/iscosity	1 1 1								
Decomposition temperature Viscosity Flow time (ISO 2431) <u>Particle characteristics</u>	1 1 1	Not available.							

#### allu reactivity Chon iv. Stability

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Reactivity	ł	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials	

## Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

#### Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	ects	
Not available.		

General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	(mg/kg)		(vapours)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
n-butyl acetate	10760	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute EC50 397 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 44 mg/l Acute LC50 32 mg/l Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute NOEC 200 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Artemia salina Fish - Pimephales promelas Algae	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 72 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

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### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	>80 % - 5 days		-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysi	S	Biodegradability
n-butyl acetate	-		-		Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	Paint related material
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	ш	111	111	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

**Additional information** 

### Section 14. Transport information

ADG	1	Hazchem code •3Y Special provisions 163, 223, 367
ADR/RID	:	Hazard identification number 30 Limited quantity 5 L Special provisions 163, 640E, 650, 367 Tunnel code (D/E)
IMDG	:	Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ Special provisions 163, 223, 367, 955
ΙΑΤΑ	:	<b>Quantity limitation</b> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344. <b>Special provisions</b> A3, A72, A192
Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Oection 15. Re		
	n Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons	
Not regulated.		
Model Work Health and	Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances	
No listed substance		
International regulation	2	
Chemical Weapon Co	vention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals	
Not listed.		
Montreal Protocol		
Not listed.		
Stockholm Convention	on Persistent Organic Pollutants	
Not listed.		
	an Brian Informad Canaant (DIC)	
	on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)	
Not listed.		
UNECE Aarhus Protoc	ol on POPs and Heavy Metals	
Not listed.		
Inventory list		
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.	
China	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Japan	<ul> <li>Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.</li> </ul>	

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted.

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- Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.
- **Republic of Korea** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Taiwan: Not determined.
- Thailand : Not determined.
- Turkey : Not determined.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

United States	:
Viet Nam	

: Not determined.

Not determined.

### Section 16. Any other relevant information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 6/4/2022
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6/4/2022
Date of previous issue	: 4/12/2022
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals</li> <li>IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IBC = Internediate Bulk Container</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>N/A = Not available</li> <li>SGG = Segregation Group</li> <li>SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons</li> <li>UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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