SAFETY DATA SHEET



1-7520 Epoxy Primer Grey

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : 1-7520 Epoxy Primer Grey

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Use in coatings - Priming materials and coatings

Uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details

Manufacturer : Valspar b.v.

Zuiveringweg 89 8243 PE Lelystad The Netherlands

tel: +31 (0)320 292200 fax: +31 (0)320 292201

Emergency telephone

number

: Call: +31 (0)320 292200 (during daytime)

Supplier : Valspar Automotive Australia Pty Limited

4 Hawke Street Kincumber NSW 2251

AUSTRALIA T: +612 4368 4054 E: autoinfo@valspar.com www.de-beer.com

Emergency telephone

number

CHEMTREC +(61) 290372994 (Available 24hrs/7 days a week)

Poisons Information Centre: Australia 131 126

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms











Signal word : Danger

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Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard statements

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.

Response

: Collect spillage.

Storage

: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Not available.

: Mixture

CAS number Ingredient name % (w/w) Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[≥10 - ≤30 25036-25-3 (1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane] xylene ≥10 - ≤30 1330-20-7

≤10 108-10-1 4-methylpentan-2-one ethylbenzene ≤3 100-41-4 2-methylpropan-1-ol ≤3 78-83-1 butan-1-ol ≤3 71-36-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides

metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Hazchem code : •3YE

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|----------------------|---|
| xylene | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). STEL: 655 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 350 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 80 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). STEL: 307 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 205 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| ethylbenzene | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). STEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). TWA: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| butan-1-ol | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). Absorbed through skin. PEAK: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 50 ppm 8 hours. |

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Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended EN 374 fluor rubber foil >= 0.7 mm

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Conditionally suitable materials for protective gloves; EN 374: Nitrile rubber - NBR (>= 0.35 mm). Only suitable as splash protection. Only suitable for brief exposure. In the event of contamination, change protective gloves immediately.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Recommended: Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: EN 405:2001 + A1:2009 organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter FFA2P3 R D

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Grey.

Odour : Not available.

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling : >100°C (>212°F)

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: 18.5°C (65.3°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability : Not available.
Lower and upper explosion
limit/flammability limit : Lower: 1.2%
Upper: 10.9%

Vapour pressure

| | Vapou | ır Press | ure at 20°C | Vap | our pres | sure at 50°C |
|-----------------------------------|-------|----------|-------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| benzene | 75.01 | 10 | | | | |
| water | 23.8 | 3.2 | | | | |
| toluene | 23.17 | 3.1 | | | | |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | 15.75 | 2.1 | | | | |
| Castor oil, sulfated, sodium salt | 15.75 | 2.1 | | | | |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | <12 | <1.6 | | | | |
| ethylbenzene | 9.3 | 1.2 | | | | |
| butan-1-ol | <7.5 | <1 | | | | |
| xylene | 6.7 | 0.89 | | | | |
| propane-1,2-diol | 0.15 | 0.02 | | | | |
| trizinc bis (orthophosphate) | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| zinc oxide | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| phthalic anhydride | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| propylidynetrimethanol | 0 | 0 | | | | |

Relative vapour density : 3.5 [Air = 1]
Relative density : 1.46 to 1.54
Density : 1.46 to 1.54 g/cm³

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature :

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|----------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| butan-1-ol | 355 | 671 | |
| propane-1,2-diol | 371 | 699.8 | |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 415 | 779 | |
| xylene | 432 | 809.6 | |
| ethylbenzene | 432.22 | 810 | |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | 448 | 838.4 | |
| toluene | 480 | 896 | |
| benzene | 498 | 928.4 | |
| phthalic anhydride | 580 | 1076 | |

Decomposition temperature

: Not available. **Viscosity** Not available. Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---|-----------------------------|--|---------------|
| Phenol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis[oxirane] | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral | Rat Rat Rabbit Rat | >2000 mg/kg 6350 ppm 12126 mg/kg 3523 to 4000 | - 4 hours |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | mg/kg 16.4 mg/l | 4 hours |

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2000 mg/kg | - |
|---------------------|------------------------|--------|--------------|---------|
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2080 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 6350 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 12126 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3523 to 4000 | - |
| | | | mg/kg | |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 8000 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 3392 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 24600 mg/kg | - |
| butan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | >17.76 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 3430 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2292 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-------------|
| xylene | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 | - |
| | | | | microliters | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | _ | 100 Percent | _ |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | _ | 87 milligrams | _ |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 | - |
| | 1 1 | | | milligrams | |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | - |
| , · | 1 | | | microliters | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 40 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 | - |
| • | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| butan-1-ol | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.005 | - |
| | | | | Mililiters | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| butan-1-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | 3.5 | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| xylene | Category 2 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|---|
| xylene ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: **Eye contact**

> pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | (gases) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1-7520 Epoxy Primer Grey | 22357.9 | 9626.8 | 55573.1 | 122.7 | N/A |
| xylene | N/A | 1100 | 6350 | N/A | N/A |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | 2080 | N/A | N/A | 16.4 | N/A |
| ethylbenzene | N/A | 12126 | N/A | 11 | N/A |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 24600 | 3392 | N/A | 8000 | N/A |
| butan-1-ol | 500 | 3430 | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|----------|
| xylene | Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1 to 10 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | EC50 400 mg/l | Algae | 96 hours |
| , . | EC50 >200 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | LC50 >179 mg/l | Fish - Danio rerio | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute LC50 >10 mg/l | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Acute EC50 1799 mg/l | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 1799 mg/l | Aquatic plants - Scenedesmus subspicatus | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 1100 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia pulex | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1430 mg/l | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 117 mg/l | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 20 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days |
| butan-1-ol | Acute EC50 225 mg/l | Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 1328 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1376 mg/l | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 4.1 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days |

Persistence and degradability

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Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | Inoculum |
|---|---|--|-------------|------|-------------------------------|
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol butan-1-ol | - OECD 301E Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test | 70 to 80 % - 28 day >70 % - 19 days | S | - | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysi | S | Biodegradability |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one 2-methylpropan-1-ol butan-1-ol | - | | - - - | | Readily Readily Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------------|-------------|------------|
| Phenol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis[oxirane] | 2.64 to 3.78 | 31 | low |
| xylene | 3.12 | 8.1 to 25.9 | low |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | 1.9 | - | low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | - | low |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol butan-1-ol | 1 1 | - | low low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

| | ADG | ADR/RID | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------|--|---------|--------|--|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | Paint |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | II | II | II | II |
| Environmental hazards | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |

Additional information

ADG : <u>Hazchem code</u> •3YE

Special provisions 163, 367

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in

sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Hazard identification number 33

Limited quantity 5 L

Special provisions 163, 640C, 650, 367

Tunnel code (D/E)

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

> Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ Special provisions 163, 367

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other

transportation regulations.

Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353.

Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.

Special provisions A3, A72, A192

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not regulated.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : Not determined.

United States : Not determined.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

History

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Key to abbreviations : ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group

SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

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1-7520 Epoxy Primer Grey

Section 16. Any other relevant information

| Classification | Justification |
|--|--|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 | On basis of test data Calculation method |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 | Calculation method Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 | Calculation method |

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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