SAFETY DATA SHEET



1-10 Washprimer Hardener

Section 1. Identi	fication
Product identifier	: 1-10 Washprimer Hardener
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	
Use in coatings - Hardener.	
Uses advised against	
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	
Manufacturer	: Valspar b.v. Zuiveringweg 89 8243 PE Lelystad The Netherlands tel: +31 (0)320 292200 fax: +31 (0)320 292201
Emergency telephone number	: Call: +31 (0)320 292200 (during daytime)
Supplier	: Valspar Automotive Australia Pty Limited 4 Hawke Street Kincumber NSW 2251 AUSTRALIA T: +612 4368 4054 E: autoinfo@valspar.com www.de-beer.com
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +(61) 290372994 (Available 24hrs/7 days a week) Poisons Information Centre: Australia 131 126
Section 2. Hazar	d(s) identification
Classification of the substance or mixture	: Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statement	-

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.	
Other hazards which do not	: None known.	

result in classification

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
n-butyl acetate	≥30 - ≤60	123-86-4
Isopropyl alcohol	≥30 - ≤60	67-63-0
Phosphoric acid, solution	<3	7664-38-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed				
Potential acute healt	h effects			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. 			
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			

Date of issue/Date of revisio	n : 6/4/2022	Date of previous issue	: 4/12/2022	Version : 1	2/1

'12

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.		
Over-exposure signs/sym			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness		
Skin contact	: No specific data.		
Ingestion	: No specific data.		
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate		

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

•	-
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Hazchem code	: •3YE
decomposition products Special protective actions for fire-fighters Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for con	ta	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits			
n-butyl acetate Isopropyl alcohol		STEL: 950 mg/m ³ STEL: 200 ppm 15 TWA: 713 mg/m ³ TWA: 150 ppm 8	5 minutes. 8 hours.		
		STEL: 1230 mg/m STEL: 500 ppm 1 TWA: 983 mg/m ³ TWA: 400 ppm 8	³ 15 minutes. 5 minutes. 8 hours.		
Phosphoric acid, solution		Safe Work Austral STEL: 3 mg/m³ 15 TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 h			
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other en contaminants below also need to keep ga	ate ventilation. Use process enclosur ngineering controls to keep worker ex any recommended or statutory limits. as, vapour or dust concentrations belo n-proof ventilation equipment.	posure to airborne The engineering controls		
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the cases, fume scrubbe	ilation or work process equipment sho requirements of environmental protectors, filters or engineering modifications cessary to reduce emissions to accept	ction legislation. In some s to the process		
Individual protection meas	ures				
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearn eating, smoking and Appropriate techniqu Wash contaminated	ns and face thoroughly after handling using the lavatory and at the end of the les should be used to remove potentia clothing before reusing. Ensure that lose to the workstation location.	ne working period. ally contaminated clothing.		
Eye/face protection	assessment indicate gases or dusts. If co unless the assessme	plying with an approved standard sho s this is necessary to avoid exposure ontact is possible, the following protec ent indicates a higher degree of protec nded: chemical splash goggles and/or	to liquid splashes, mists, tion should be worn, ction: chemical splash		
Skin protection					
Hand protection	be worn at all times we this is necessary. Conclude the constant of the constant should be noted that different for different several substances, estimated. > 8 hours (PVA) butyl rubber >= < 1 hour (breakthrough EN 374: Nitrile rubber	mpervious gloves complying with an a when handling chemical products if a onsidering the parameters specified b at the gloves are still retaining their pro- the time to breakthrough for any glov glove manufacturers. In the case of the protection time of the gloves can s (breakthrough time): Recommended = 0.7 mm gh time): Conditionally suitable mater er - NBR (>= 0.35 mm). Only suitable a osure. In the event of contamination, o	risk assessment indicates y the glove manufacturer, otective properties. It e material may be mixtures, consisting of not be accurately d EN 374 polyvinyl alcohol ials for protective gloves; as splash protection. Only		
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Recommended: Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable 				
Date of issue/Date of revision	• 6/4/2022 Date of r	279Vious issue : 4/12/2022	Version :1 5/12		

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: EN 405:2001 + A1:2009 organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter FFA2P3 R D

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	:	Liquid.							
Colour	1	Colourless.							
Odour	:	Not available.							
Odour threshold	:	Not available.							
рН	1	Not applicable.							
Melting point/freezing point	1	Not available.							
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	83°C (181.4°F)							
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 14°C (5	7.2°F)						
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.							
Flammability	:	Not available.							
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Lower: 2% Upper: 13%							
Vapour pressure	1		Vapou	r Press	ure at 2	20°C	Va	pour pres	ssure at 50°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Meth	od	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		Isopropyl alcohol	33	4.4					
		water	23.8	3.2					
		n-butyl acetate	11.25	1.5					
		Phosphoric acid, solution	0.03	0.004					
Relative vapour density	1	3.1 [Air = 1]	1	I.	-		1		1
Relative density	:	0.839							
Density	:	0.839 g/cm³							
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the follo	wing mate	rials: col	d water	and h	ot wat	er.	
Solubility in water	:	Not available.	-						
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.							
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name		°C	°C °F			Method	
		n-butyl acetate		415		779			
		Isopropyl alcohol		456 852.8		852.8			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.						1	
/iscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (10	4°F)): 6 m	m²/s (6 c	cSt)				
Flow time (ISO 2431)		Not available.							
Particle characteristics									

```
Date of issue/Date of revision
```

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Isopropyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5840 mg/kg	-
Phosphoric acid, solution	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.25 g/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name			Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate Isopropyl alcohol			Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxici	ty (repeated exposure)	-		
Not available.					
Aspiration hazard Not available.					
nformation on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.			
Potential acute health effects	5				
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritat	ion.		
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervou dizziness.	s system (CNS)	depression. May	cause drowsiness o
Skin contact	1	No known significant effec	cts or critical haz	ards.	
Ingestion	1	Can cause central nervou	s system (CNS)	depression.	
Symptoms related to the phy	/sie	cal, chemical and toxicolo	gical character	ristics	
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may in pain or irritation watering redness	nclude the follow	ring:	
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may in nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	nclude the follow	ving:	
Skin contact	:	No specific data.			
Ingestion	:	No specific data.			
Delayed and immediate effect	:ts	as well as chronic effects	s from short and	d long-term expo	<u>sure</u>
Short term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>S</u>			
Not available.				vordo	
	1	No known significant effect	cts of critical nav	alus.	
General	:	No known significant effect No known significant effect			
		No known significant effect No known significant effect No known significant effect	cts or critical haz	ards.	

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)		Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
1-10 Washprimer Hardener	N/A	88932	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10760	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Isopropyl alcohol	5840	13900	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phosphoric acid, solution	N/A	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute EC50 397 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 32 mg/l	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 200 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 9640 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Phosphoric acid, solution	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	2 days
	Acute LC50 138 mg/l	Fish	4 days
	Acute NOEC >100 mg/l	Algae	3 days
	Acute NOEC 56 mg/l	Daphnia - Dapnia magna	2 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	>80 % - 5 days		-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysi	s	Biodegradability
n-butyl acetate Isopropyl alcohol	-		-		Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05		low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

: 6/4/2022

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

9/12

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	-			
	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	Paint related material
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	11	11	11	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADG	1	Hazchem code •3YE Special provisions 163, 367
ADR/RID	:	Hazard identification number 33 Limited quantity 5 L Special provisions 163, 640C, 650, 367 Tunnel code (D/E)
IMDG	1	Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ Special provisions 163, 367
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341. Special provisions A3, A72, A192
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not regulated.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 6/4/2022
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6/4/2022
Date of previous issue	: 4/12/2022
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	 ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

11/12

Section 16. Any other relevant information

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

: 6/4/2022